

Doc 1. Cartoon	Doc 2. Pie Charts	Doc 3. US Magazine Article (extract)	Doc 4. US Magazine Article (extract)	Doc 5. British daily broadsheet article (extract)
by Larry Lambert, published February 9 th 2016	<p>“Revealed: Sports which are considered to have acceptable gender pay gaps, according to Brits,” published by an On-line Casino company, May 22nd 2018</p> <p>Humouristic take on genders' attitude to sports</p> <p>* Couple on a sofa/settee watching sports together * She explains that watching female beach volley constantly doesn't qualify as Smart TV</p> <p>Analysis</p> <p>Prejudices against sports women remain high, especially in Football, Tennis and Boxing where half or nearly half of respondents view a gender pay gap as justified.</p> <p>Clear jibe at men and their taste in programs (Sports + « female sports with scantily clad players)</p> <p>Play on word on the idea of « smart TV » - Greater access to media channels does not make you more intelligent (on the contrary) but gives you more of what you «like»</p>	<p>“U.S. Women's Soccer: Better Than Men's in Every Way But Pay” by J. Weston Phippen, <i>The Atlantic</i>, March 31st 2016</p> <p>Opinion survey acceptability of pay gender gap in sports</p> <p>* Survey showing the top-10 sports where Britons consider gender-pay gap is justified</p> <p>Analysis</p> <p>Prejudices against sports women remain high, especially in Football, Tennis and Boxing where half or nearly half of respondents view a gender pay gap as justified.</p> <p>Clear jibe at men and their taste in programs (Sports + « female sports with scantily clad players)</p> <p>Play on word on the idea of « smart TV » - Greater access to media channels does not make you more intelligent (on the contrary) but gives you more of what you «like»</p>	<p>“The Title IX Loophole That Hurts NCAA* Women’s Teams” by Maggie Mertes, <i>The Atlantic</i>, April 2021</p> <p>Fact reporting piece on gender discrimination in US soccer</p> <p>* Some key members of the US female soccer team are demanding equal pay to their male counterparts.</p> <p>* There are clear disparities of wages between male and female US soccer team players, to the detriment of women</p> <p>* This has also been the case in tennis where some, amongst them high profile people, argue that as the physical demands and lengths of games for women are lesser, so are the prowess and media revenues, which should be taken into account in connection with financial rewards.</p> <p>* However, in football such</p>	<p>“When the Lionesses won, every overlooked and patronised woman triumphed too” by Gaby Hinsliff, <i>The Guardian</i>, August 2nd 2022</p> <p>Fact reporting piece on gender discrimination in US college sports</p> <p>* Tiktok video showing the difference of facilities provided to female college athletes v. male counterparts led to harsh criticism of the regulating body (the NCAA)</p> <p>* Female College sports has long been discriminated against by the NCAA as regards budget as well as broadcasting and coverage deals – the basketball tournament is a case in point. Moreover, while colleges receives money for their male team participation, there is none for women.</p> <p>* Some, amongst them lawyers, argue this is deliberate on the part of the NCAA, while the latter claims it is the</p> <p>* Women footballers have succeeded where their male counterparts have failed and won a major football tournament.</p> <p>* Additionally, they have drawn huge attention and crowds, given women the possibility to shine in a new light while co-opting male fans and keeping traditional “hooliganism” at bay – proving their bankability and superiority to their male counterparts.</p> <p>* For women fans, it is also a victory for their gender at large, which soothes many systemic put-downs.</p>

<p>disparities cannot be explained through either physical prowess, training, earning capability or performance as women undertake the same as men and have systematically exceeded them over years.</p> <p>* Pay is not the only bone of contention for the US female soccer team as facilities and support have been sub-standard in many instances.</p> <p>* Although the Federation claims its dedication to female soccer, relationship between players and institution have been tetchy for a while.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Yet it doesn't mean things are about to change as prejudices (such as seeing women as sex objects) die hard and need challenging relentlessly. * Evidence does not support those claims which the NCAA is unwilling to substantiate. * Key issue = the discrimination colleges and universities are inflicting on their women athletes, either wilfully or unwittingly as they do not support and promote their teams on a gender neutral basis which is in breach of the law. * Come what may, the NCAA's attitude needs to be pointed at.

Rhetorical Question: To what extent is gender equality a reality in sports?

Axes: (1) Women's success in sports is undeniable and outwardly supported by people and the law
 (2) but women are not equally rewarded/treated
 (3) as a result of long ingrained prejudices